RANDWICK SCHOOL

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

School Address: 59 Randwick Road, Moera, Lower Hutt

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Ministry Number: 2969

RANDWICK SCHOOL

Financial Statements - For the year ended 31 December 2017

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Randwick School

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2017

The Board of Trustees accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management (including the principal and others as directed by the Board) accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the school's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2017 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the school.

The School's 2017 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

angus Onslow-Osborne	Joanne Sawyer
Full Name of Board Chairperson	Full Name of Principal (ading)
Allan 1	- Abouter
Signature of Board Chairperson	Signature of Principal
31 00 - 11 00 18	
21 11/100/ 3018	31 May 2018
Date:	Date:

Randwick School Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2017

		2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Notes	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue		\$	\$	\$
Government Grants	2	4 440 447	4.050.000	
Locally Raised Funds	2	1,446,147 122,777	1,358,869	1,402,768
Interest Earned	3	8,544	36,350	66,830
Gain on Sale of Property, Plant and Equipment		0,044	5,000	8,602
International Students	4	2,391	-	6,439
	: · ·	2,391	-	6,542
	-	1,579,859	1,400,219	1,491,181
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	8.979	12.670	4.704
Learning Resources	5	945.019	13,670 899,043	4,784
Administration	6	104,225		936,672
Finance Costs	v	1,310	107,823 1.000	96,327
Property	7	372,698	381,260	1,066
Depreciation	8	68,667	68,000	353,598
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment	0	9,152	00,000	63,896
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		9,132		5,147
	_	1,510,050	1,470,796	1,461,490
Net Surplus / (Deficit)		69,809	(70,577)	29,691
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expenses		-	9 = :	141
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the Year		69,809	(70,577)	29,691

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Randwick School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2017

	Actual 2017	Budget (Unaudited) 2017 \$	Actual 2016 \$
Balance at 1 January	574,732	574,732	545,041
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Capital Contributions from the Ministry of Education	69,809	(70,577)	29,691
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant	2,816	-	-
Equity at 31 December	647,357	504,155	574,732
Retained Earnings	647,357	504,155	574,732
Equity at 31 December	647,357	504,155	574,732

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.

Randwick School Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2017

		2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Notes	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Current Assets		\$	\$	\$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	9	111,182	393,336	692
Accounts Receivable	10	62,198	73,812	64.126
GST Receivable	.0	8,169	52,864	5,610
Prepayments		4,392	4,492	4,351
Inventories	11	1,562	1,995	2,225
Investments	12	289,492	-,000	253,711
Funds owed for Capital Works Projects	18	13,040	-	18,008
	-	490,035	526,499	348,723
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	14	122,199	163,407	71,931
Revenue Received in Advance	15	6,606	5,000	13
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance		-		-
Finance Lease Liability - Current Portion	17	4,815	2,686	3,969
	_	133,620	171,093	75,913
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		356,415	355,406	272,810
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	13	314,059	215,189	313,596
	_	314,059	215,189	313,596
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	16	14 000	60.605	
Finance Lease Liability	17	14,000 9,117	62,635	44.074
	17	9,117	3,805	11,674
	_	23,117	66,440	11,674
Net Assets	_	647,357	504,155	574,732
Equity		647.357	504,155	574,732
	=			37.1,702

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



Randwick School Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2017

		2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Note	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities		•	Ψ	Ψ
Government Grants		407,769	294.242	401,417
Locally Raised Funds		140,816	21,680	47,197
International Students		2.391		6,542
Goods and Services Tax (net)		(2,324)	-	47,254
Payments to Employees		(229,622)	(209,966)	(225,140)
Payments to Suppliers		(167,942)	301,964	(266,060)
Interest Paid		(1,310)	(1,000)	(1,066)
Interest Received		8,286	5,000	12,251
Net cash from / (to) the Operating Activities		158,064	411,920	22,395
Cash flows from Investing Activities				
Purchase of PPE (and Intangibles)		(22,231)	(16,500)	(73,617)
Purchase of Investments		(100,000)	-	` · ·
Proceeds from Sale of Investments		70,449	-	20,532
Net cash from / (to) the Investing Activities		(51,782)	(16,500)	(53,085)
Cash flows from Financing Activities				
Furniture and Equipment Grant		2,816	-	360
Finance Lease Payments		(3,576)	(2,776)	(3,806)
Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties		-	-	4,348
Funds Held for Capital Works Projects		4,968	-	
Net cash from Financing Activities		4,208	(2,776)	542
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	-	110,490	392,644	(30,148)
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	9	692	692	30,840
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	9	111,182	393,336	692

The statement of cash flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Cash Flow Statement should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



Randwick School

Notes to the Financial Statements

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

For the year ended 31 December 2017

a) Reporting Entity

Randwick School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education Act 1989. The Board of Trustees (the Board) is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

b) Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial reports have been prepared for the period 1 January 2017 to 31 December 2017 and in accordance with the requirements of the Public Finance Act 1989.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education Act 1989 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as "having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders".

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expenditure threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.



Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the Significant Accounting Policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 13.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

The School reviews the details of lease agreements at the end of each reporting date. The School believes the classification of each lease as either operation or finance is appropriate and reflects the nature of the agreement in place. Finance leases are disclosed at note 17.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carryforward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

c) Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives;

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period they relate to. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Use of land and buildings grants are recorded as revenue in the period the School uses the land and buildings. These are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown.

Other Grants

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and released to revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recorded as revenue when their receipt is formally acknowledged by the School.

Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.



d) Use of Land and Buildings Expense

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes. This is a non-cash expense that is offset by a non-cash grant from the Ministry.

e) Operating Lease Payments

Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

f) Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

g) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

h) Accounts Receivable

Accounts Receivable represents items that the School has issued invoices for or accrued for, but has not received payment for at year end. Receivables are initially recorded at fair value and subsequently recorded at the amount the School realistically expects to receive. A receivable is considered uncollectable where there is objective evidence the School will not be able to collect all amounts due. The amount that is uncollectable (the provision for uncollectibility) is the difference between the amount due and the present value of the amounts expected to be collected.

i) Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprise of stationery and school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

j) Investments

Bank term deposits for periods exceeding 90 days are classified as investments and are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. After initial recognition bank term deposits are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment.

Investments that are shares are categorised as "available for sale" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards. Share investments are recognised initially by the School at fair value plus transaction costs. At balance date the School has assessed whether there is any evidence that an investment is impaired. Any impairment, gains or losses are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

After initial recognition any investments categorised as available for sale are measured at their fair value without any deduction for transaction costs the school may incur on sale or other disposal.

The School has met the requirements under section 28 of schedule 6 of the Education Act 1989 in relation to the acquisition of securities.



k) Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements to buildings owned by the Crown are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Property, plant and equipment acquired with individual values under \$250 are not capitalised, they are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Gains and losses on disposals (*i.e.* sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (*i.e.* the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Leased Assets

Leases where the School assumes substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership are classified as finance leases. The assets acquired by way of finance lease are measured at an amount equal to the lower of their fair value and the present value of the minimum lease payments at inception of the lease, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Leased assets and corresponding liability are recognised in the Statement of Financial Position and leased assets are depreciated over the period the School is expected to benefit from their use or over the term of the lease.

Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:

Building Improvements

33 years

Furniture and Equipment

10 years

Information and Communication

5 years

Library Resources

8 years

Leased assets are depreciated over the life of the lease.

I) Intangible Assets

Software costs

Computer software acquired by the School are capitalised on the basis of the costs incurred to acquire and bring to use the specific software. Costs associated with subsequent maintenance or licensing of software are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

Computer software licences with individual values under \$1,000 are not capitalised, they are recognised as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense when incurred.

Computer software that the school receives from the Ministry of Education is normally acquired through a non-exchange transaction and is not of a material amount. It's fair value can be assessed at time of acquisition if no other methods lead to a fair value determination. Computer software purchased directly from suppliers at market rates are considered exchange transactions and the fair value is the amount paid for the software.

The carrying value of software is amortised on a straight line basis over its useful life. The useful life of software is estimated as three years. The amortisation charge for each period and any impairment loss is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



m) Impairment of property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

n) Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

o) Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned to but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled beyond 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service, such as long service leave and retirement gratuities, have been calculated on an actuarial basis. The calculations are based on:

- likely future entitlements accruing to staff, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that staff will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information; and
- · the present value of the estimated future cash flows

p) Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to international students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

q) Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense.. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

r) Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. The cluster of schools operate activities outside of school control. These amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose.



s) Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities. The Board is responsible for maintaining the land, buildings and other facilities on the School site in a state of good order and repair.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting the interior and exterior of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside day-to-day maintenance. The provision for cyclical maintenance represents the obligation the Board has to the Ministry and is based on the Board's ten year property plan (10YPP).

t) Financial Assets and Liabilities

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are categorised as "loans and receivables" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

Investments that are shares are categorised as "available for sale" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. All of these financial liabilities are categorised as "financial liabilities measured at amortised cost" for accounting purposes in accordance with financial reporting standards.

u) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised at the amount borrowed. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the School has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the balance date.

v) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

w) Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board at the start of the year.

x) Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



2.	Government	Grants
----	------------	--------

	2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Operational grants	290,705	260,606	290,600
Teachers' salaries grants	751,752	736,027	722,341
Use of Land and Buildings grants	285,167	293,110	275,636
Resource teachers learning and behaviour grants	47,051	-	33,997
Other MoE Grants	70,926	69,126	72,850
Other government grants	546	-	7,344
	1,446,147	1,358,869	1,402,768
3. Locally Raised Funds			
Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:			
	2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Donations	65,795	7,000	21,720
Fundraising	27,801	18,000	23,596
Trading	2,630	3,000	3,065
Activities	26,551	8,350	18,449
	122,777	36,350	66,830
Expenses			
Activities	3,828	6,670	1,380
Trading	3,151	3,000	2,307
Fundraising (costs of raising funds)	2,000	4,000	1,097
	8,979	13,670	4,784
Surplus for the year Locally raised funds	113,798	22,680	62,046
4. International Student Revenue and Expenses			
X.	2017	2017	2016

*	2017	2017 Budget	2016
International Student Roll	Actual Number 0	(Unaudited) Number 0	Actual Number 1
	2017	2017 Budget	2016
Revenue	Actual , \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
International student fees	2,391	=	6,542

2,391

Surplus for the year International Students'

6,542

5. Learning Resources

	2017	2017 Budget	2016
Curricular	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Extra-curricular activities Library resources Employee benefits - salaries Staff development	10,371	7,700	12,517
	15,013	6,150	30,057
	762	950	873
	904,609	866,243	878,353
	14,264	18,000	14,872
	945,019	899,043	936,672

6. Administration

	2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Audit Fee	\$	\$	\$
Board of Trustees Fees	9,055	6,500	4,944
Board of Trustees Expenses	4,100	4,600	3,860
Communication	898	1,000	2,663
Consumables	874	2,000	2,260
	6,047	7,300	5,490
Operating Lease	691	2,000	4,354
Legal Fees Other	910	893	-
	6,856	8,170	8,417
Employee Benefits - Salaries	65,148	65,750	57,397
Insurance	3,166	2,770	462
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	6,480	6,840	6,480
	104,225	107,823	96,327

7. Property

	2017	2017 Budget	2016
Carotaking and Cleaning Consumbly	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables Cyclical Maintenance Expense	24,109	25,200	23,044
Grounds	14,000	12,000	3,571
Heat, Light and Water	4,833	5,450	6,057
Repairs and Maintenance	10,084	10,000	10,258
Use of Land and Buildings	19,052	16,500	17,723
Security	285,167	293,110	275,636
Employee Benefits - Salaries	1,593	5,000	5,961
	13,860	14,000	11,348
	372,698	381,260	353,598

The use of land and buildings figure represents 8% of the school's total property value. This is used as a 'proxy' for the market rental of the property. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

8. Depreciation

	2017	2017 Budget	2016
Buildings	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Building Improvements	3,180	-	-
Furniture and Equipment	899 23,656	3,384 14.476	3,180
Information and Communication Technology	33,835	42,317	13,602 39,763
Leased Assets Library Resources	4,656	5,022	4,719
Library Resources	2,441	2,801	2,632
	68,667	68,000	63,896

9. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2017	2017 Budget	2016
Cash on Hand	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
ANZ 264-00 ANZ 264-70	250 6,703	- 119,093	250 (161)
ANZ Term Deposit - 1021	104,229 -	274,243	603 -
Cash equivalents and bank overdraft for Cash Flow Statement	111,182	393,336	692

The carrying value of short-term deposits with maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

Of the \$111,182 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$4,968 is held by the School on behalf of the Ministry of Education. These funds are required to be spent in 2018 on Crown owned school buildings under the School's Five Year Property Plan.

10. Accounts Receivable

	2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	16,374	1,633	3,852
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	-	5,309	14,624
Interest Receivable	1,947	5,338	1,689
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	43,877	61,532	43,961
	62,198	73,812	64,126
			
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	18,321	6,971	20,165
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	43,877	66,841	43,961
	62,198	73,812	64,126
44 1			
11. Inventories			
	2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Ota-Harri	\$	\$	\$
Stationery	1,562	1,995	2,225
	1,562	1,995	2,225

12. Investments

The School's	investment	activities	are	classified	as	follows:

	2017	2017 Budget	2016
Current Asset	Actual \$	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Short-term Bank Deposits	289,492	-	253,711

13. Property, Plant and Equipment

Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
48,230		_		(3.180)	45,050
17,780	53,207	121		, , ,	70,088
118,495	11,615	(1.439)	-	` ,	105,015
106,311	8,727	,	_	, , ,	73,490
15,580	2,921	(1,1110)		, , ,	13.845
7,200	1,812	-	-	(2,441)	6,571
313,596	78,282	(9,152)		(68,667)	314,059
	\$ 48,230 17,780 118,495 1 106,311 15,580 7,200	\$ Additions \$ \$ 48,230 - 17,780 53,207 118,495 11,615 106,311 8,727 15,580 2,921 7,200 1,812	Balance (NBV) Additions Disposals \$ \$ \$ 48,230	Balance (NBV) Additions Disposals Impairment \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Balance (NBV) Additions Disposals Impairment Depreciation \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

				Cost or Valuation	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value
2017				\$	\$	\$
Buildings Building Improvements Furniture and Equipment Information and Communication Leased Assets Library Resources				106,000 70,987 396,621 238,245 19,278 85,646	(60,950) (899) (291,606) (164,755) (5,433) (79,075)	45,050 70,088 105,015 73,490 13,845 6,571
Balance at 31 December 2017				916,777	(602,718)	314,059
2016	Opening Balance (NBV) \$	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
Building	E1 440					

2016	Balance (NBV)	Additions \$	Disposals \$	Impairment \$	Depreciation \$	Total (NBV) \$
Building Furniture and Equipment Information and Communication Tech Leased Assets Library Resources Building improvements	51,410 122,805 105,391 6,541 8,542	17,317 32,658 17,614 1,289 17,780	(3,855)	- - -	(3,180) (21,627) (31,738) (4,719) (2,632)	48,230 118,495 106,311 15,581 7,199 17,780
Balance at 31 December 2016	294,689	86,658	(3,855)	-	(63,896)	313,596

2016	Cost or Valuation \$	Accumulated Depreciation	Net Book Value \$
Building Furniture and Equipment Information and Communication Leased Assets Library Resources Building Improvements Balance at 31 December 2016	106,000 388,571 246,040 17,614 83,834 17,780 859,839	(57,770) (270,076) (139,729) (2,033) (76,635)	48,230 118,495 106,311 15,581 7,199 17,780 313,596

The 2016 asset figure have been restated, this is due to the reclassification of asset categories in 2017.



14. Accounts Payable

14. Accounts Fayable			
	2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
On south as a little	\$	\$	\$
Operating creditors	5,398	99,472	20,708
Accruals	7,555	-	5,238
Capital accruals for PPE items	61,100	-	
Banking staffing overuse	2,245	-	-
Employee Entitlements - salaries	43,877	61,532	43,961
Employee Entitlements - leave accrual	2,024	2,403	2,024
	122,199	163,407	71,931
Payables for Exchange Transactions	119,954	163,407	71,931
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Taxes Payable (PAYE and Rates)	×2	-	· ·
Payables for Non-exchange Transactions - Other	2,245	-	:
The coming color of the later o	122,199	163,407	71,931
The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.			
15. Revenue Received in Advance			
	2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Income in Advance	84	5,000	13
International Fees in Advance	6,522	5,500	75
	6,606	5,000	13
16. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance			
The state of the s	2017	0047	
		2017 Budget	2016
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Provision at the Start of the Year	\$	\$	\$
Increase to the Provision During the Year	_	50,635	35,107
HIGIEGGE IG THE FIDVISION DURING THE YEAR			
Use of the Provision During the Year	14,000	12,000	3,571
Use of the Provision During the Year Provision at the End of the Year	14,000	12,000 - 62,635	

17. Finance Lease Liability

Cyclical Maintenance - Current Cyclical Maintenance - Term

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

ř	2017	2017 Budget	2016
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
No Lotor than One Years	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	4,815	2,686	3,969
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	9,117	3,805	11,674
	13,932	6,491	15,643



62,635

62,635

14,000

14,000

18. Funds Owed (Held) for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects:

Damage to Hall 2014 Drainage	2017 in progress in progress	Opening Balances \$ 18,008	Receipts from MoE \$ - 16,214	Payments \$ 11,246	BOT Contribution/ (Write-off to R&M)	Closing Balances \$ 18,008 (4,968)
Totals		18,008	16,214	11,246	-	13,040
Represented by: Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry Funds Due from the Ministry of Educ	of Education ation				-	(4,968) 18,008
Damage to Hall 2014	2016 in progress	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$ 18,008	BOT Contribution/ (Write-off to R&M)	Closing Balances \$ 18,008
Special Needs Mod - Fencing & Sens Refurbish Block A	si completed completed	(245) 22,356	- 16,213	245 (6,143)	<u> </u>	S#3
Totals		22,111	16,213	12,110	-	18,008

19. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the school. The school enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

20. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all trustees of the Board, Principal, Deputy Principals and Heads of Departments.

Board Members	2017 Actual \$	2016 Actual \$
Remuneration Full-time equivalent members	4,100 0.15	3,860 0.14
Leadership Team Remuneration Full-time equivalent members	299,388 3.00	357,427 4.00
Total key management personnel remuneration Total full-time equivalent personnel	303,488 3.15	361,287 4.14

The full time equivalent for Board members has been determined based on attendance at Board meetings, Committee meetings and for other obligations of the Board, such as stand downs and suspensions, plus the estimated time for Board members to prepare for meetings.

Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits: Salary and Other Payments Benefits and Other Emoluments	2017 Actual \$000 120 - 130 3 - 4	2016 Actual \$000 110 - 120 3 - 4
Termination Benefits	3-4	3-4

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration	2017	2016
\$000	FTE Number	FTE Number
100 - 110		-
	0.00	0.00

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.

21. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be trustees, committee member, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

Total	2017 Actual	2016 Actual
Number of People		-
Trained of Foople		-

22. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities and no contingent assets as at 31 December 2017 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2016: nil).



23. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

There are no capital commitments as at 31 December 2017 (Capital commitments at 31 December 2016: nil).

(b) Operating Commitments

There are no operating commitments as at 31 December 2017 (Operating commitments at 31 December 2016: nil).

24. Managing Capital

The School's capital is its equity and comprises capital contributions from the Ministry of Education for property, plant and equipment and accumulated surpluses and deficits. The School does not actively manage capital but attempts to ensure that income exceeds spending in most years. Although deficits can arise as planned in particular years, they are offset by planned surpluses in previous years or ensuing years.

25. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Loans and receivables

	2017	2017 Budget	2016
Cash and Cash Equivalents Receivables Investments - Term Deposits	Actual \$ 111,182 62,198 289,492	(Unaudited) \$ 393,336 73,812	Actual \$ 692 64,126 253,711
Total Loans and Receivables	462,872	467,148	318,529
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables Borrowings - Loans Finance Leases Painting Contract Liability	122,199 - 13,932 -	163,407 - 6,491	71,931 - 15,643
Total Financial Liabilities Measured at Amortised Cost	136,131	169,898	87,574

26. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.





INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE READERS OF RANDWICK SCHOOL'S FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2017

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Randwick School (the School). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Henry McClintock, using the staff and resources of BDO Wellington, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the School on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the School on pages 2 to 19, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2017, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the School:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - o its financial position as at 31 December 2017; and
 - o its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with Public Sector Public Benefit Entity Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as applicable to entities that qualify as tier 2.

Our audit was completed on 31 May 2018. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board of Trustees and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



Responsibilities of the Board of Trustees for the financial statements

The Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the School for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand. The Board of Trustees is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board of Trustees is responsible on behalf of the School for assessing the School's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board of Trustees is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the School, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board of Trustees' responsibilities arise from the Education Act 1989.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the School's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the School's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board of Trustees.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board of Trustees and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast



significant doubt on the School's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the School to cease to continue as a going concern.

- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the Novopay payroll system, which may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board of Trustees regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board of Trustees is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Analysis of Variance, Board of Trustees Listing and Kiwisport Report, but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the School in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1 (Revised): *Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the School.

Henry McClintock BDO Wellington

On behalf of the Auditor-General

Wellington, New Zealand